

2. Forouzan, A. B., Gilberg, R. F. Computer Science: A Structured Approach using C++, 2nd edition, Cengage Learning, 2010

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.

DSC02/DSC03/GE2c: COMPUTER SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Computer System Architecture	4	3	0	1	Class XII pass	NIL

Course Objectives

The objectives of this course are as follows:

- Introduces the students to the fundamental concepts of digital computer organization, design and architecture.
- Develop a basic understanding of the building blocks of the computer system and highlight how these blocks are organized together to architect a digital computer system.

Learning Outcomes

On successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Design Combinational Circuits using basic building blocks. Simplify these circuits using Boolean algebra and Karnaugh maps. Differentiate between combinational circuits and sequential circuits.
- Represent data in binary form, convert numeric data between different number systems and perform arithmetic operations in binary.
- Determine various stages of instruction cycle, pipelining and describe interrupts and their handling.
- Describe how CPU communicates with memory and I/O devices.

- Distinguish between different types of processors.
- Simulate the design of a basic computer using a software tool.

Syllabus

Theory

Unit – 1 **(6 hours)**

Digital Logic Circuits

Logic Gates, Truth Tables, Boolean Algebra, Digital Circuits, Combinational Circuits, Introduction to Sequential Circuits, Circuit Simplification using Karnaugh Map, Don't Care Conditions, Flip-Flops, Characteristic Tables, Excitation Table.

Unit – 2 **(9 hours)**

Digital Components (Fundamental building blocks)

Designing of combinational circuits- Half Adder, Full Adder, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Registers and Memory (RAM, ROM and their types), Arithmetic Microoperations, Binary Adder, Binary Adder-Subtractor.

Unit – 3 **(6 hours)**

Data Representation and Basic Computer Arithmetic

Number System, r and $(r-1)$'s Complements, data representation and arithmetic operations.

Unit – 4 **(9 hours)**

Basic Computer Organization and Design

Bus organization, Microprogrammed vs Hardwired Control, Instruction Codes, Instruction Format, Instruction Cycle, Instruction pipelining, Memory Reference, Register Reference and Input Output Instructions, Program Interrupt and Interrupt Cycle..

Unit – 5 **(6 hours)**

Processors

General register organization, Stack Organization, Addressing Modes, Overview of Reduced Instruction Set Computer (RISC), Complex Instruction Set Computer (CISC), Multicore processor and Graphics Processing Unit (GPU).

Unit – 6**(9 hours)****Memory and Input-Output Organization**

Memory hierarchy (main, cache and auxiliary memory), Input-Output Interface, Modes of Transfer: Programmed I/O, Interrupt initiated I/O, Direct memory access.

Essential Readings

- David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy. “Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software interface”, 5th edition, Elsevier, 2012.
- Mano, M. Computer System Architecture, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 1993.

Suggestive Readings

- Mano, M. Digital Design, Pearson Education Asia, 1995.
- Null, L., & Lobur, J. The Essentials of Computer Organization and Architecture. 5th edition, (Reprint) Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2018.
- Stallings, W. Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance 8th edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2010

Practicals (30 hours)

(Use Simulator – CPU Sim 3.6.9 or any higher version for the implementation)

1. Create a machine based on the following architecture
2. Create a Fetch routine of the instruction cycle.
3. Write an assembly program to simulate ADD operation on two user-entered numbers.
4. Write an assembly program to simulate SUBTRACT operation on two user-entered numbers.
5. Write an assembly program to simulate the following logical operations on two user-entered numbers.
AND, OR, NOT, XOR, NOR, NAND
6. Write an assembly program for simulating following memory-reference instructions.
ADD
LDA
STA

BUN
ISZ

7. Write an assembly language program to simulate the machine for following register reference instructions and determine the contents of AC, E, PC, AR and IR registers in decimal after the execution:

CLA
CMA
CME
HLT

8. Write an assembly language program to simulate the machine for following register reference instructions and determine the contents of AC, E, PC, AR and IR registers in decimal after the execution

INC
SPA
SNA
SZE

9. Write an assembly language program to simulate the machine for following register reference instructions and determine the contents of AC, E, PC, AR and IR registers in decimal after the execution:

CIR
CIL \

10. Write an assembly program that reads in integers and adds them together; until a negative non-zero number is read in. Then it outputs the sum (not including the last number).

11. Write an assembly program that reads in integers and adds them together; until zero is read in. Then it outputs the sum.

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DSC07/DSC02/GE4a: DATA STRUCTURES

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

	Credits	Credit distribution of the course		
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